

1 St. Alexander's Church, built in a late Gothic style between 1450 and 1490, is one of the most beautiful hall churches in southwest Germany. In 2005, it received the last remaining three-manual Voigt organ in the world, built in 1868. The Concordia Schiller Bell in the tower was a present from the German residents of Moscow for Schiller's 100th birthday. Open daily 9am-6pm March-Oct. (except during a few rehearsal times), guided tours for groups and children, Tel. +49 (0)7144/898013, www.alexanderkirche-marbach.de, www.fuehrungen-alexanderkirche.de (Am alten Markt).

2 The former **Poorhouse** was built in 1611 (Am alten Markt 6).

3 The former **Tannery** from 1578 is the oldest building to have been completely preserved (Am alten Markt 2).

4 The **Gasthaus Goldener Löwe** was where Schiller's mother, Elisabetha Dorothea Kodweiß, was born in 1732 (Niklastorstr. 39).

5 Schiller's Birthplace (see overleaf)

6 The statue in the **Wild Man Fountain** depicts the legendary founder of the town of "Mars Bacchus" (Niklastorstr.).

7 The former **Deaconry** was built in 1698 (Niklastorstr. 21).

8 The former **Beguinage**, later a school-

house, dates from 1700-1702 (Untere Holdergasse 4).

9 When the town was expanded in the 15th century, the **Haspelturm** (Winch Tower) was built as the northwest corner tower of the town's defences.

10 This one-story building, which was rebuilt after 1700 on the old foundations, was a **typical vintner's house in the Holdergassen** (see overleaf) (Mittlere Holdergasse 16).

The building commonly known as the **Salzscheuer** (Salt Barn), which is now home to a microbrewery, was probably once the town's warehouse for salt storage, built in 1738 (Mittlere Holdergasse 11).

11 The **sculpture** depicts the house's owner, the master stonemason Christian Probst (Mittlere Holdergasse 4).

12 The former **Spezialat** (an ecclesiastical building) was rebuilt in 1696 and from 1754-1806 was home to the parish administration (Niklastorstr. 17).

13 The **Rathmann House** is home to two sculptures (Niklastorstr. 7).

14 The **Jäger Oil Mill**, a technological heritage memorial, documents the different processes involved in oil manufacture, using the mill machinery from 1906 which remains almost fully functional. Last Sun of the month, 2pm-5pm (and by prior arrangement), 2.00

Euro/1.00 Euro concessions, group tours 15.00 Euro (duration approx. 30 mins), Tel. +49 (0)7144/102-297 (Obere Holdergasse 2).

15 The **Heinlinsche Hof**, built in 1688, is the only known building within the town walls to have survived the fire of 1693 unscathed (Auf den Felsen 1).

16 The former **Physikat** (Doctor's House) was built in 1699 (Marktstr. 53).

17 A **typical reconstructed house**, which according to its inscription was built in 1694 after the town fire (Marktstr. 47).

18 On the corner of his house, built

in 1678, a **sculpture** depicts the merchant Dietrich Wunderlich (Strohgasse 14).

19 The **Interim Town Hall** served as such after the town fire, from 1693 to 1763 (Rathausgasse 1).

20 The **Parish Administration**, built in 1700, was the Spezialat (an ecclesiastical building) and deaconry from 1754 (Strohgasse 13).

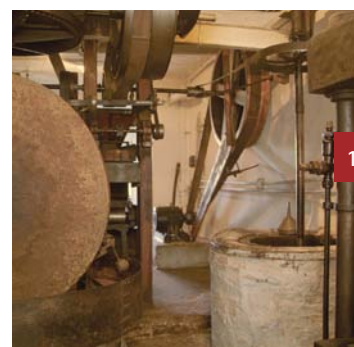
21 In 1847, the **Grabentor** (Moat Gate) became the entrance to the newly laid Grabenstraße.



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22 The **Diebs- oder Malefizturm** (Thieves' or Criminals' Tower) once served as a prison (Grabenstr.).

23 About half of the **Rondellturm** (Round Tower) is underground, giving an idea of the breadth and depth of the town's former moat (Grabenstr.).

24 The **Bürgerturn** (Citizens' Tower) was once one of the corner towers from the outer town walls.

25 The **House of Ottilie Wildermuth** (1817-1877) was where the author spent her childhood (Wildermuthstr. 5).

26 The **Obere Torturm** (Upper Gate Tower), first recorded in 1290, was rebuilt in 1718 after the fire and the current half-timbered extension was added in 1881. Until the 19th century, it was home to the Hochwacht (signalman) and the town music director. Inside is an exhibition on the history of the town's

defences and the tower itself. Open daily 11am-5pm, small entry fee on weekends, free on weekdays, group tours (see overleaf), Tel. +49 (0)7144/102-297 (Marktstr. 1).

27 **St. Wendelin's Chapel**, founded in 1433, is a fine example of late Gothic architecture (Marktstr. 2).

28 In the **House of the Kodweiß Family**, Schiller's grandfather, Georg Friedrich Kodweiß, later owner of the Goldener Löwe, was born (Marktstr. 8).

29 Until the town fire in 1693, **Burgplatz** was the location of the castle of the Dukes, previously Counts of Württemberg.

30 This building, built in 1534 as the **Fruchtkasten** (fruit store) and converted into a Zehntscheune (tax house) in 1698/1699, is now home to the District Court and Notary's Office (Strohgasse 3).

31 The former **Vogtei** is the birthplace of the famous lawyer Karl Georg von Wächter (1797-1880, Strohgasse 5).

32 On the round arch in the town's eastern wall, you can see the **trademark symbol** of the merchant Georg Ehrenreich Schroll (Marktstr. 15).

33 The arcades of the **Town Hall** were built in 1760-1763 and comprehensively renovated in the late 1980s (Marktstr. 23).

34 In the **"Schatzhaus"** (Treasure House), a collection of coins from 1340-1385 was found in 1986 (Marktstr. 32).

35 On the archway you can see the **crest** of the merchant Wolfgang Friedrich Renz (Marktstr. 24).

36 The **Town Church** is where Friedrich Schiller was baptised. Its current façade dates from after the town fire. The tower

with its spiral staircase has been preserved from the Renaissance (Niklastorstr.).

37 **Tobias Mayer Museum** (see overleaf)

In 1835-1840 the park was built on the **Schillerhöhe**, with a wonderful view of the Neckar Valley. At the southern end, **Johann Caspar Schiller's Orchard** was planted. It includes old species of trees described by the poet's father. The **Stadthalle Schillerhöhe** (Concert Hall) was opened in 1957 and renovated in 2009 and modernised to the latest technical standards.

38 For Schiller's 100th birthday in 1859, the foundation stone was laid for the **Schiller Memorial**. It was poured from metal from seized French cannons from the Franco-Prussian War in 1870-1871 according to a design by the sculptor Ernst Friedrich Rau, and was unveiled in 1876. Ever since, Marbach primary

school children have honoured the town's greatest son with flowers each year on his birthday.

39 **Schiller-Nationalmuseum** (National Schiller Museum) (see overleaf)

40 **Literaturmuseum der Moderne** (Museum of Modern Literature) (see overleaf)

In 1955, the **Deutsche Literaturarchiv Marbach** (DLA – German Literature Archive Marbach) was established as an extension of the Schiller-Nationalmuseum. In 1973 it received its own building and is now one of the world's most important literary institutions. Manuscripts from the estates of well known writers and scholars form the centrepiece of the collections, along with the archives of institutions and publishing houses. They are available for research and are also open to the

public in the museums. The holdings create an impression of German literature and literary and cultural life in Germany from 1750 to the present

41 The city of Stuttgart's former **Hydroelectric Power Plant** was opened in 1900.

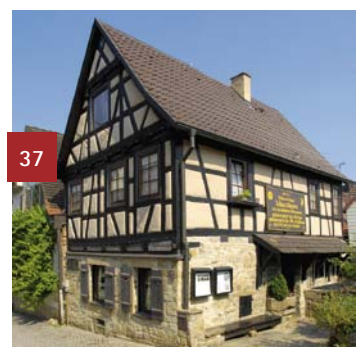
42 In the former Waaghäuschen (Scales House), the **Oven Museum** displays pieces from the Wilhelminian period to Art Nouveau. Open every 2 months, last Sun, 2pm-5pm (and by prior arrangement), entrance free, Tel. +49 (0)7141/51615, ofenzauber@gmx.de (Ludwigsburger Str. 15).



Boat landing stage



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Concert Hall

Guided Tours



Group Offers

Tour of the Historic Old Town
(in languages other than German 60.00 Euro)

Costume Tours
Friedrich Schiller (Mon-Fri, Tel. +49 (0)7144/4515), Schiller's mother, Simon Studion, town watchman in armour (Mon-Fri, Tel. +49 (0)7144/4515), "Tales of 18th Century Marbach", night watchman (each 80.00 Euro)

Themed Tours
On the Trail of Schiller, The Obere Torturm (Upper Gate Tower) – A Vertical Town History, Johann Caspar Schiller's Orchard, Interactive Children's Tour

Information & Booking
Unless stated otherwise: available daily all year round, duration approx. 1.5 hours, 50.00 Euro per group, max. 30 people, Tel. +49 (0)7144/102-297, touristik@schillerstadt-marbach.de

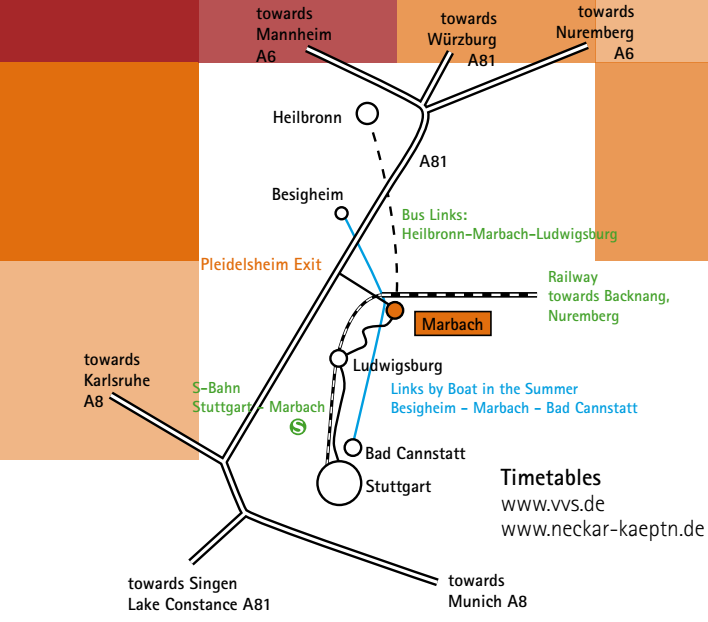
Literary Walks
Hahn, Kusiek & Laing, Tel. +49 (0)7144/841216, www.litspaz.de

The house where Tobias Mayer was born on 17th February 1723 along the three parallel streets, as a professor in Göttingen. His small houses packed tightly together. Most are built opposite to each other, which today are almost all used as houses. On the houses themselves, you can often still see the vines whose grapes were pressed into the so-called "Haustunk" (house tipple). At the end of Untere Höldergasse on the right by the town walls, the site of these kitchen gardens, which were commonly used in medieval walled towns to grow vegetables and other cooking ingredients, probably dates back as far as the 15th century.



A Glimpse of the 18th Century

Service & Infos



Long-distance cycle routes:
Neckar Valley Cycle Path, Alb-Neckar Path, Stromberg-Murrthal Path, www.tourismus-bw.de

Marbach Wine
Weingärtner Marbach eG, Afalterbacher Str. 65, Tel. +49 (0)7144/6419, www.wg-marbach.de, wine tastings for 15-120 people
Rielingshausen Wine Press Village Museum, Kelterstr. 21, Tel. +49 (0)7144/3134, the museum's exhibition on the history of local wine growing and village life is particularly worth a look, open by prior arrangement, 1.50 Euro/1.00 Euro concessions, wine tastings by prior arrangement, Tel. +49 (0)711/542266.

Weekly Market
Wed and Sat, 8am-1pm

Sleeping, Eating and Drinking
List of hotels and guest houses with package deals:
www.schillerstadt-marbach.de

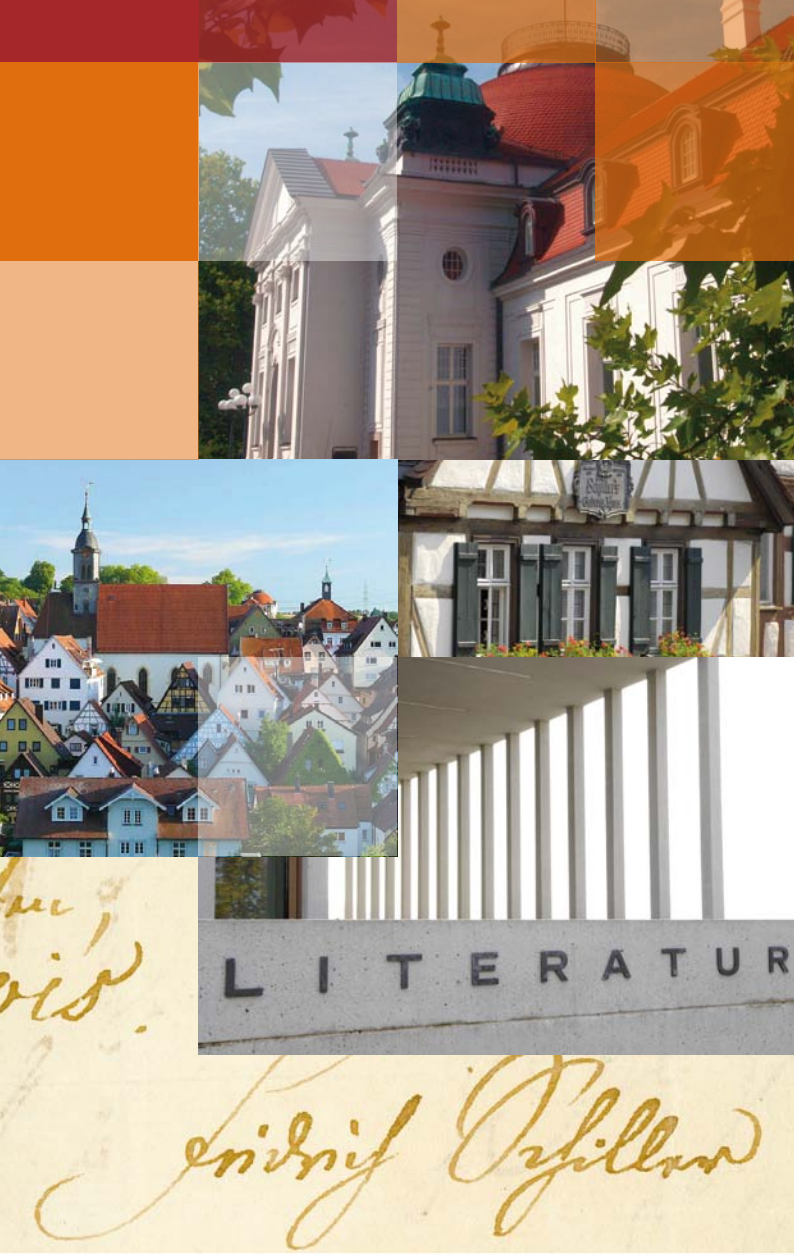
Caravan sites: Parkplatz am Bolz-

platz, Poppenweiler Straße (5.00 Euro per night), Waste Disposal at Häldenmühle Sewage Works on the L1100 (Marbach-Murr)

Information
Town Hall, Marktstraße 23, 71672 Marbach am Neckar, Tel. +49 (0)7144/102-0, touristik@schillerstadt-marbach.de, www.schillerstadt-marbach.de, open Mon 7.30am-12.00pm and 1.15pm-6pm, Tue-Thu 7.30am-12pm and 1.15pm-4pm, Fri 7.30am-12.30pm
Tourist Information Shop (information point for residents and guests, run on a voluntary basis), Marktstr. 25, open Mon/Tue/Thu/Fri 3pm-6.30pm, Wed 9am-12pm, Sat 9am-1pm, Sun 12pm-4pm (Easter-end of Nov.), closed bank holidays, 24-hour information available from an info terminal in front of the shop.

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Design: Die Lotsen GbR, Marbach am Neckar

Where Schiller was born



Welcoming! Half-timbered buildings, the "Höldergassen", towers and fountains. High above the Neckar, enthroned between orchards and vineyards, lies Schillerstadt Marbach. It is one of Württemberg's oldest country towns and a town fire in 1693 means it is also one of only a few towns with an almost complete set of eighteenth-century buildings. Since 1983, the walled old town has been a heritage site. Friedrich Schiller was born in Marbach on 10th November 1759. The town's history is closely linked to Schiller's legacy: today, with the Deutsche Literaturarchiv (German Literature Archive) and the literature museums on Schillerhöhe (Schiller's Hill), Marbach holds an international reputation as a place of literature.



Schillerstadt



Literature Museums